House Price Index

March 2022





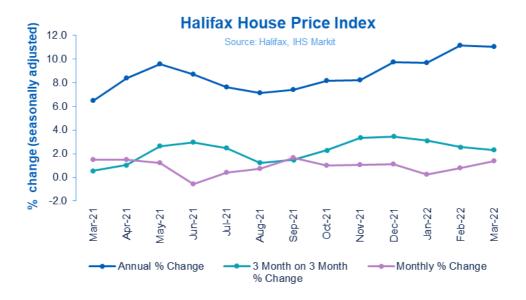






UK house prices rise steeply to reach new record high, as market maintains momentum

- Monthly house price growth of 1.4% the biggest increase for six months
- Average property price reaches another new record high of £282,753
- Two years on from the first lockdown, house prices have now risen by £43,577
- South West overtakes Wales as UK area with strongest house price inflation
- Cost of living pressure likely to slow the rate of house price growth this year



Russell Galley, Managing Director, Halifax, said:

"Average UK house prices rose again in March for the ninth month in a row. The increase of 1.4%, or £3,860 in cash terms, was the biggest jump since last September. With 2021's strong momentum continuing into the beginning of this year, the annual rate of house price inflation (+11.0%) continues to track around its highest level since mid-2007. The new record price of £282,753 is up some £28,113 on a year ago, not far off average UK earnings over the same period (£28,860°).

"The story behind such strong house price inflation remains unchanged: limited supply and strong demand, despite the prospect of increasing pressure on households' finances. Although there is some recent evidence of more homes coming onto the market, the fundamental issue remains that too many buyers are chasing too few properties. The effect on house

prices makes it increasingly difficult for first-time buyers looking to make their first step onto the ladder, but also challenges homemovers who face ever bigger leaps to move up the rungs to a larger property.

"However, in the long-term we know the performance of the housing market remains inextricably linked to the health of the wider economy. There is no doubt that households face a significant squeeze on real earnings, and the difficulty for policy-makers in needing to support the economy yet contain inflation is now even more acute because of the impact of the war in Ukraine.

"Buyers are therefore dealing with the prospect of higher interest rates and a higher cost of living. With affordability metrics already extremely stretched, these factors should lead to a slowdown in house price inflation over the next year."



Lockdown: two years on

March 2022 marked two years since the UK first entered lockdown. At that time, faced with huge levels of economic uncertainty, few could have anticipated just how resilient the housing market would prove to be.

Overall, the average house price has risen by 18.2% over that period, or £43,577 in cash terms. This has taken the national average house price from £239,176 in March 2020 to £282,753 in March 2022.

The impact of the pandemic on buyer demand can be seen most clearly when looking at different property types. With a premium now put on those properties offering greater space – both indoors and out – prices for flats have increased by 10.6% or £15,404 over the last two years. Compare this to the average price of a detached property which has leapt by 21.3% or £77,717 over the same period.

Regions and nations house prices

The South West of England has overtaken Wales as the UK's strongest performer in terms of annual price house inflation, now up to 14.6%, its highest rate of annual increase since September 2004. The average house price is now £298,162, a record for the region.

While this is the first time since January 2021 that Wales has not recorded the UK's highest annual growth, house price inflation remains extremely strong, at 14.1%. The average house price is £211,942 which is yet another all-time high for the country.

Property prices in Northern Ireland also continue to be on the rise, with annual growth now at 13%, and an average price of £177.265.

Though house prices also edged up once more in Scotland – reaching a new record of £194,621 – the rate of annual growth continues to slow somewhat, falling to 8.2% from 9.3% last month.

Elsewhere, the South East also recorded a big increase, with house price growth at 11.6% and an average price of £385,790. Prices in the region have now risen by £40,177 over the last year, the first time any English region outside of London has ever posted a £40,000-plus rise over just 12 months.

London itself continued its recent upward trend, with prices now up by 5.9% year-on-year, with an average price of £534,977.



Housing activity

- HMRC monthly property transactions data shows UK home sales increased in February 2022. UK seasonally adjusted (SA) residential transactions in February 2022 were 112,240 up by 4.4% from January's figure of 107,490 (up 15.3% on a non-SA basis). Quarterly SA transactions (December-February 2022) were approximately 4.8% lower than the preceding three months (September 2021-November 2021). Year-on-year SA transactions were 20.8% lower than February 2021 (20.6% lower on a non-SA basis). (Source: HMRC)
- Latest Bank of England figures show the number of mortgages approved to finance house purchases fell in February 2022, by 4% to 70,993. Year-on-year the February figure was 18% below February 2021. (Source: Bank of England, seasonally-adjusted figures)
- In the latest RICS Residential Market Survey, a net balance of +17% respondents cited an increase in new buyer demand during February a sixth consecutive month in positive territory (previously +14%). Agreed sales moved into positive territory for the first time since May 2021, with the latest net balance standing at +9% (compared to -1% previously). New instructions however remain in negative territory for an eleventh consecutive month at -4% (-7% previously). (Source: Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors' (RICS) monthly report)

UK house prices Historical data

National: All Houses, All Buyers (Seasonally Adjusted)

Period	¹ Index Jan 1992=100	² Standardised Average Price £	Monthly Change %	Quarterly Change %	³ Annual Change %
March 2021	439.1	254,640	1.5	0.6	6.5
April	445.7	258,472	1.5	1.1	8.4
May	451.2	261,642	1.2	2.7	9.6
June	448.5	260,099	-0.6	3.0	8.7
July	450.4	261,165	0.4	2.5	7.6
August	453.8	263,162	0.8	1.2	7.2
September	461.3	267,516	1.7	1.5	7.4
October	465.9	270,184	1.0	2.3	8.2
November	470.8	273,028	1.1	3.4	8.2
December	475.9	275,996	1.1	3.5	9.7
January 2022	477.0	276,645	0.2	3.1	9.7
February	480.9	278,894	0.8	2.6	11.2
March	487.6	282,753	1.4	2.3	11.0



C Editors' notes

House price data on a quarterly basis provides the clearest indication of overall market trends, smoothing out the monthly volatility caused by the reduced number of monthly transactions used to calculate all house price indices.

The standardised index is seasonally adjusted using the U.S. Bureau of the Census X-11 moving-average method based on a rolling 84month series. Each month, the seasonally adjusted figure for the same month a year ago and last month's figure are subject to revision.

2. Standardised average price

The standardised average price is calculated using the HPI's mix adjusted methodology.

3. National annual change figure

National annual change figures are the seasonally adjusted year-on-year figures.

4. Regional annual change figure

The regional annual change figures are based on the most recent three months of approved mortgage transaction data.

* Based on average weekly earnings for regular pay, according to the January 2022 ONS release.

For further information on the methodology follow this link to IHS Markit's website



Halifax press office contacts

Gregor Low | 07500 078 879 | gregor.low@lloydsbanking.com

For historical data or for technical queries please contact economics@ihsmarkit.com

About the Halifax house price index

The Halifax House Price Index is the UK's longest running monthly house price series with data covering the whole country going back to January 1983. From this data, a "standardised" house price is calculated and property price movements on a like-for-like basis (including seasonal adjustments) are analysed over time. The annual change figure is calculated by comparing the current month non-seasonally adjusted figure with the same month a year earlier.

For more information on our housing market research, visit http://www.halifax.co.uk/house-price-index

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